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Anno Regni

# GEORGII III.

## R E G I S

*Magna Britannia, Francia, & Hibernia,*

### DECIMO QUARTO.

At the Parliament begun and holden at Westminister, the Tenth Day of May, Anno Domini 1768, in the Eighth Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord GEORGE the Third, by the Grace of God, of Great Britain, France, and Ireland, King, Defender of the Faith, &c.

And from thence continued, by several Prorogations, to the Thirteenth Day of January, 1774, being the Seventh Session of the Thirteenth Parliament of Great Britain.



L O N D O N :

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Printers to the King's most Excellent Majesty.  
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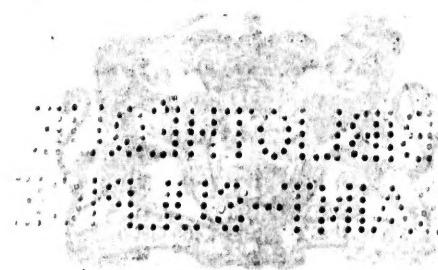
# GEORGIA

THE STATE

OF GEORGIA

1830

AT THE END OF THE EIGHTH MONTH  
IN THE YEAR OF CHRIST 1830  
WE THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF  
GEORGIA, IN CONVENTION ASSEMBLED,  
DO HEREBY RE-ASSUME AND RE-ESTABLISH  
OUR INDEPENDENCE, AND PROCLAIM  
OUR LIBERTY AND SOVEREIGNTY.  
WE DO THIS, IN THE FAITH OF GOD,  
AND IN THE HOPE OF HIS BLESSINGS,  
FOR THE PLEASURE OF HAVING NO  
Masters, and the GLORY OF BEING FREE.



1830

THE STATE OF GEORGIA  
DO HEREBY RE-ASSUME AND RE-ESTABLISH  
OUR INDEPENDENCE, AND PROCLAIM  
OUR LIBERTY AND SOVEREIGNTY.

(55)

**ANNO DECIMO QUARTO**

## GEORGII III. Regis.

**C A P. LXXXIII.**

**An Act for making more effectual  
Provision for the Government of  
the Province of Quebec in North  
America.**

**W**HEREAS His Majesty, by His Royal Proclamation, bearing Date the Seventh Day of October, in the Third Year of His Reign, thought it to declare the Provisions which had been made in respect to certain Countries, Territories, and Islands in America, ceded to His Majesty by the definitive Treaty of Peace, concluded at Paris on the Tenth Day of February, One thousand seven hundred and sixty-three: And whereas by the Arrangements made by the said Royal Proclamation, a very large Extent of Country, within which there were several Colonies and Settlements of the Subjects of France, who claim-

Preamble.

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ed to remain therein under the Faith of the said Treaty, was left, without any Provision being made for the Administration of Civil Government therein; and certain Parts of the Territory of *Canada*, where sedentary Fisheries had been established and carried on by the Subjects of *France*, Inhabitants of the said Province of *Canada*, under Grants and Concessions from the Government thereof, were annexed to the Government of *Newfoundland*, and thereby subjected to Regulations inconsistent with the Nature of such Fisheries: May it therefore please Your most Excellent Majesty, that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That all the Territories, Islands, and Countries in *North America*, belonging to the Crown of Great Britain, bounded on the South by a Line from the Bay of *Chaleurs*, along the High Lands which divide the Rivers that empty themselves into the River *Saint Lawrence* from those which fall into the Sea, to a Point in Forty-five Degrees of Northern Latitude, on the Eastern Bank of the River *Connecticut*, keeping the same Latitude directly West, through the Lake *Champlain*, until, in the same Latitude, it meets the River *Saint Lawrence*; from thence up the Eastern Bank of the said River to the Lake *Ontario*; thence through the Lake *Ontario*, and the River commonly called *Niagara*; and thence along by the Eastern and South-eastern Bank of

The Territories, Islands, and Countries, in *North America*, belonging to Great Britain,

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Lake *Ontario*,  
ario, and the  
; and thence  
-eastern Bank  
of

of Lake *Erie*, following the said Bank, until  
the same shall be intersected by the Northern  
Boundary, granted by the Charter of the  
Province of *Pennsylvania*, in case the same  
shall be so intersected ; and from thence along  
the said Northern and Western Boundaries  
of the said Province, until the said Western  
Boundary strike the *Ohio* : But in case the said  
Bank of the said Lake shall not be found to  
be so intersected, then following the said  
Bank until it shall arrive at that Point of the  
said Bank which shall be nearest to the North-  
western Angle of the said Province of *Pen-  
sylvania*, and thence, by a right Line, to the  
said North-western Angle of the said Pro-  
vince ; and thence along the Western Bound-  
ary of the said Province, until it strike the  
River *Ohio* ; and along the Bank of the said  
River, Westward, to the Banks of the *Mis-  
sissippi*, and Northward to the Southern Bound-  
ary of the Territory granted to the Mer-  
chants Adventurers of *England*, trading to  
*Hudson's Bay* ; and also all such Territories,  
Islands, and Countries, which have, since the  
Tenth of February, One thousand seven  
hundred and sixty-three, been made Part of  
the Government of *Newfoundland*, be, and  
they are hereby, during His Majesty's  
Pleasure, annexed to, and made Part and  
Parcel of, the Province of *Quebec*, as created  
and established by the said Royal Proclama-  
tion of the Seventh of *October*, One thousand  
seven hundred and sixty-three.

Provided always, That nothing herein con-  
tained, relative to the Boundary of the Pro-

annexed to the  
Province of  
*Quebec*.

Not to affect  
the Boundaries  
of any other  
Colony ;

Anno Regni decimo quarto

vince of Quebec, shall in anywise affect the Boundaries of any other Colony.

Provided always, and be it enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend, or be construed to extend, to make void, or to vary or alter any Right, Title, or Possession, derived under any Grant, Conveyance, or otherwise howsoever, of or to any Lands within the said Province, or the Provinces thereto adjoining; but that the same shall remain and be in Force, and have Effect, as if this Act had never been made.

nor to make  
void other  
Rights for-  
merly granted.

Former Provi-  
sions made for  
the Province  
to be null and  
void after  
*May 1, 1775.*

And whereas the Provisions, made by the said Proclamation, in respect to the Civil Government of the said Province of Quebec, and the Powers and Authorities given to the Governor and other Civil Officers of the said Province, by the Grants and Commissions issued in Consequence thereof, have been found, upon Experience, to be inapplicable to the State and Circumstances of the said Province, the Inhabitants whereof amounted, at the Conquest, to above Sixty-five thousand Persons, professing the Religion of the Church of *Rome*, and enjoying an established Form of Constitution and System of Laws, by which their Persons and Property had been protected, governed, and ordered, for a long series of Years, from the First Establishment of the said Province of *Canada*; be it therefore further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the said Proclamation, so far as the same relates to the said Province of Quebec, and the Commission under the Authority whereof the Government of the said Province is at present administered, and all and every the Ordinance and

## Georgii III. Regis.

and Ordinances made by the Governor and Council of Quebec for the Time being, relative to the Civil Government and Administration of Justice in the said Province, and all Commissions to Judges and other Officers thereof, be, and the same are hereby revoked, annulled, and made void, from and after the First Day of May, One thousand seven hundred and seventy-five.

And, for the more perfect Security and Ease of the Minds of the Inhabitants of the said Province, it is hereby declared, That His Majesty's Subjects, professing the Religion of the Church of Rome of and in the said Province of Quebec, may have, hold, and enjoy, the free Exercise of the Religion of the Church of Rome, subject to the King's Supremacy, declared and established by an Act made in the First Year of the Reign of Queen Elizabeth, over all the Dominions and Countries which then did, or thereafter should belong, to the Imperial Crown of this Realm; and that the Clergy of the said Church may hold, receive, and enjoy, their accustomed Dues and Rights, with respect to such Persons only as shall profess the said Religion.

Provided nevertheless, That it shall be lawful for His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, to make such Provision out of the rest of the said accustomed Dues and Rights, for the Encouragement of the Protestant Religion, and for the Maintenance and Support of a Protestant Clergy within the said Province, as he or they shall, from Time to Time, think necessary and expedient.

Provided

Inhabitants of Quebec may profess the Romish Religion, subject to the King's Supremacy, as by Act of Eliz.

and the Clergy enjoy their accustomed Dues.

Provided may be made by His Majesty for the Support of the Protestant Clergy.

*Anno Regni decimo quarto*

No Person  
professing the  
*Romish Reli-*  
gion obliged  
to take the  
Oath of *Eliz.*

but to take,  
before the  
Governor, &c.  
the following  
Oath.

Provided always, and be it enacted, That no Person professing the Religion of the Church of *Rome*, and residing in the said Province, shall be obliged to take the Oath required by the said Statute passed in the First Year of the Reign of Queen *Eliza-*  
*beth*, or any other Oaths substituted by any other Act in the Place thereof; but that every such Person who, by the said Statute is required to take the Oath therein mentioned, shall be obliged, and is hereby re-  
quired, to take and subscribe the following Oath before the Governor, or such other Person in such Court of Record as His Ma-  
jesty shall appoint, who are hereby autho-  
rised to administer the same; viz.

The Oath.

*I A. B. do sincerely promise and swear, That I will be faithful, and bear true Allegiance to His Majesty King George, and him will defend to the utmost of my Power, against all traiterous Conspiracies, and Attempts whatsoever, which shall be made against His Person, Crown, and Dignity; and I will do my utmost Endeavour to disclose and make known to His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, all Treasons, and traiterous Conspiracies and Attempts, which I shall know to be against Him, or any of Them; and all this I do swear, without any Equivocation, mental Evasion, or secret Reservation, and renouncing all Pardons and Dispensations from any Power or Person whomsoever to the Contrary.*

*So help me G O D.*

And every such Person, who shall neglect or refuse to take the said Oath before men-  
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Queen Eli-  
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is hereby re-  
the following  
or such other  
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ereby autho-  
ix.

swear, That I  
Allegiance to  
im will defend  
all traitorous  
soever, which  
Crown, and  
Endeavour to  
Majesty, His  
and traitorous  
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me G O D.  
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tioned, shall incur and be liable to the same Penalties, Forfeitures, Disabilities, and Incapacities, as he would have incurred and been liable to for neglecting or refusing to take the Oath required by the said Statute passed in the First Year of the Reign of Queen Elizabeth.

Persons re-  
fusing the  
Oath to be  
subject to the  
Penalties by  
Act 1 Eliz.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all His Majesty's Canadian Subjects, within the Province of Quebec, the religious Orders and Communities only excepted, may also hold and enjoy their Property and Possessions, together with all Customs and Usages relative thereto, and all other their Civil Rights, in as large, ample, and beneficial Manner, as if the said Proclamation, Commissions, Ordinances, and other Acts and Instruments, had not been made, and as may consist with their Allegiance to His Majesty, and Subjection to the Crown and Parliament of Great Britain; and that in all Matters of Controversy, relative to Property and Civil Rights, Resort shall be had to the Laws of Canada, as the Rule for the Decision of the same; and all Causes that shall hereafter be instituted in any of the Courts of Justice, to be appointed within and for the said Province, by His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, shall, with respect to such Property and Rights, be determined agreeably to the said Laws and Customs of Canada, until they shall be varied or altered by any Ordinances that shall, from Time to Time, be passed in the said Province by the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, or Commander in Chief, for the Time being, by and with the

His Majesty's  
Canadian Sub-  
jects (religious  
Orders ex-  
cepted) may  
hold all their  
Possessions, &c.

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ters of Con-  
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to the Laws of  
Canada for the  
Decision.

*Anno Regni decimo quarto*

the Advice and Consent of the Legislative Council of the same, to be appointed in Manner herein-after mentioned.

Not to extend  
to Lands  
granted by  
His Majesty  
in common  
Socage.

Owners of  
Goods may  
alienate the  
same by Will,  
etc.

if executed ac-  
cording to the  
Laws of Ca-  
nada.

Criminal Law  
of England to  
be continued  
in the Pro-  
vince.

Provided always, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend, or be construed to extend, to any Lands that have been granted by His Majesty, or shall hereafter be granted by His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, to be holden in free and common Socage.

Provided also, That it shall and may be lawful to and for every Person that is owner of any Lands, Goods, or Credits, in the said Province, and that has a Right to alienate the said Lands, Goods, or Credits, in his or her Life-time, by Deed of Sale, Gift, or otherwise, to devise or bequeath the same at his or her Death, by his or her Last Will and Testament; any Law, Usage, or Custom, heretofore or now prevailing in the Province to the Contrary hereof in any-wise notwithstanding; such Will being executed, either according to the Laws of Canada, or according to the Forms prescribed by the Laws of England.

And whereas the Certainty and Lenity of the Criminal Law of *England*, and the Benefits and Advantages resulting from the Use of it, have been sensibly felt by the Inhabitants, from an Experience of more than Nine Years, during which it has been uniformly administered, be it therefore further enacted, by the Authority aforesaid, That the same shall continue to be administered, and shall be observed as Law in the Province of Quebec, as well in the Description and Quality of the Offence, as in the Method

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Method

Method of Prosecution and Trial; and the Punishments and Forfeitures thereby inflicted to the Exclusion of every other Rule of Criminal Law, or Mode of Proceeding thereon, which did or might prevail in the said Province before the Year of our Lord One thousand seven hundred and sixty-four: any Thing in this Act to the Contrary thereof in any Respect notwithstanding: subject nevertheless to such Alterations and Amendments as the Governor, Lieutenant-governor, or Commander in Chief for the Time being, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Legislative Council of the said Province, hereafter to be appointed, shall, from Time to Time, cause to be made therein, in Manner herein-after directed.

And whereas it may be necessary to ordain many Regulations for the future Welfare and good Government of the Province of Quebec, the Occasions of which cannot now be foreseen, nor, without much Delay and Inconvenience, be provided for, without intrusting that Authority, for a certain Time, and under proper Restrictions, to Persons resident there: And whereas it is at present inexpedient to call an Assembly; be it therefore enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful for His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, by Warrant under His or Their Signet or Sign Manual, and with the Advice of the Privy Council, to constitute and appoint a Council of the Affairs of the Province of Quebec, to consist of such Persons resident there, not exceeding Twenty-three, nor less than Seventeen, as His Majesty, His Heirs

His Majesty  
may appoint a  
Council for  
the Affairs of  
the Province

*Anno Regni decimo quarto*

which Coun-  
cil may make  
Ordinances,  
with Consent  
of the Gover-  
nor.

Heirs and Successors, shall be pleased to appoint; and, upon the Death, Removal, or Absence of any of the Members of the said Council, in like Manner to constitute and appoint such and so many other Person or Persons as shall be necessary to supply the Vacancy or Vacancies; which Council, so appointed and nominated, or the Major Part thereof, shall have Power and Authority to make Ordinances for the Peace, Welfare, and good Government, of the said Province, with the Consent of His Majesty's Governor, or, in his Absence, of the Lieutenant-governor, or Commander in Chief for the Time being.

Provided always, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend to authorise or empower the said Legislative Council to lay any Taxes or Duties within the said Province, such Rates and Taxes only excepted as the Inhabitants of any Town or District within the said Province may be authorised by the said Council to assess, levy, and apply, within the said Town or District, for the Purpose of making Roads, erecting and repairing publick Buildings, or for any other Purpose respecting the local Convenience and Oeconomy of such Town or District.

Provided also, and be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That every Ordinance so to be made, shall, within Six Months, be transmitted by the Governor, or, in his Absence, by the Lieutenant-governor, or Commander in Chief for the Time being, and laid before His Majesty for His Royal Approbation; and if His Majesty shall think fit to disallow thereof

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The Council  
are not im-  
powered to  
lay Taxes,

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Ordinances  
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Majesty for  
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tion.

thereof, the same shall cease and be void from the Time that His Majesty's Order in Council thereupon shall be promulgated at Quebec.

Provided also, That no Ordinance touching Religion, or by which any Punishment may be inflicted greater than Fine or Imprisonment for Three Months, shall be of any Force or Effect, until the same shall have received His Majesty's Approbation.

Ordinances  
touching Reli-  
gion not to be  
in Force with-  
out His Ma-  
jesty's Appro-  
bation.

Provided also, That no Ordinances shall be passed at any Meeting of the Council where less than a Majority of the whole Council is present, or at any Time except between the First Day of January and the First Day of May, unless upon some urgent Occasion, in which Case every Member thereof resident at Quebec, or within Fifty Miles thereof, shall be personally summoned by the Governor, or, in his Absence, by the Lieutenant-governor, or Commander in Chief for the Time being, to attend the same.

When Ord-  
nances are to  
be passed by a  
Majority.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That nothing herein contained shall extend, or be construed to extend, to prevent or hinder His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, by His or Their Letters Patent under the Great Seal of Great Britain, from erecting, constituting, and appointing, such Courts of Criminal, Civil, and Ecclesiastical Jurisdiction, within and for the said Province of Quebec, and appointing, from Time to Time, the Judges and Officers thereof, as His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, shall think necessary and proper for the circumstances of the said Province.

Nothing to  
hinder His  
Majesty to  
constitute  
Courts of Cri-  
minal, Civil,  
and Ecclesiast-  
ical Jurisdi-  
ction.

Provided

*Anno Regni decimo quarto*

All Acts for-  
merly made  
are hereby in-  
forced within  
the Province.

Provided always, and it is hereby enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend, or be construed to extend, to repeal or make void, within the said Province of Quebec, any Act or Acts of the Parliament of Great Britain heretofore made, for prohibiting, restraining, or regulating, the Trade or Commerce of His Majesty's Colonies and Plantations in America; but that all and every the said Acts, and also all Acts of Parliament heretofore made concerning or respecting the said Colonies and Plantations, shall be, and are hereby declared to be, in Force, within the said Province of Quebec, and every Part thereof.

**E I N I S**

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and every Part

**S**hortly after the  
beginning of the  
Turing test  
in 1950, the  
mathematician Alan  
Turing proposed  
the question: "Can  
machines think?"  
He believed that  
machines could  
think if they could  
imitate human  
thought processes.  
This led to the  
development of  
computer programs  
that could perform  
tasks such as  
language translation,  
mathematical  
calculations, and  
problem solving.  
These programs  
were designed to  
simulate human  
intelligence and  
make decisions  
based on input  
from the user.  
Over time, as  
computing power  
increased and  
algorithms became  
more sophisticated,  
the field of  
artificial  
intelligence  
expanded to  
include areas  
such as  
robotics,  
computer  
vision,  
natural  
language  
processing,  
and  
machine  
learning.